

# **Gazprom's expansion in EU co-operation or domination?**

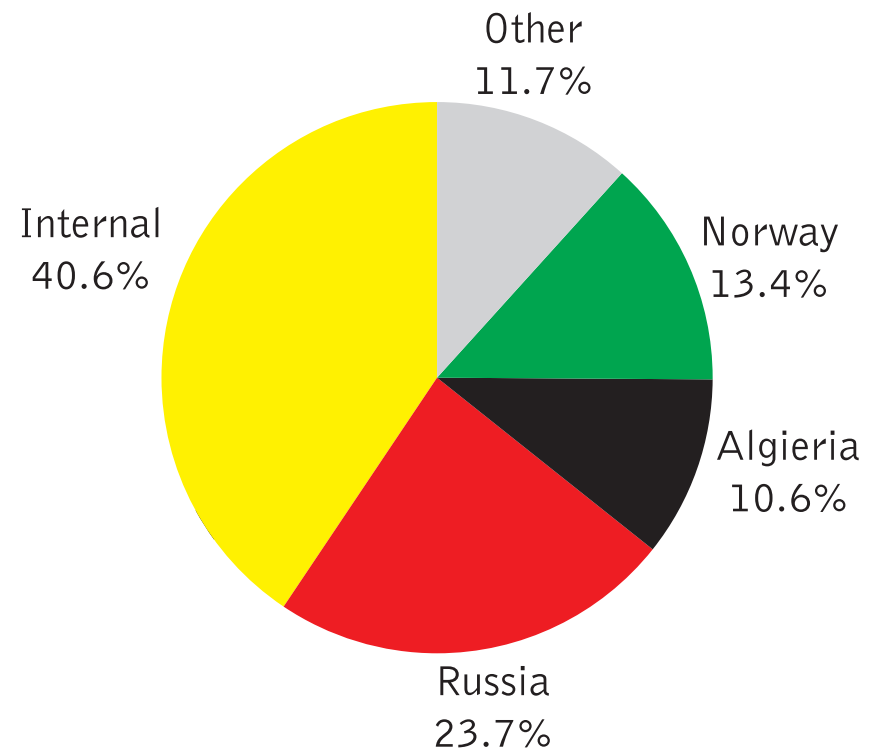
Agata Łoskot-Strachota

## **Gazprom's expansion in EU**

- EU gas needs and import structure
- Gazprom's expansion in the EU:
  - Russian gas supplies to EU
  - Gazprom in EU gas infrastructure: state of being and plans
  - Gazprom on EU final gas market, intermediaries
  - Gazprom in EU non-gas sectors
- Case study of Gazprom's strong engagement in EU: Baltic States
- Case study of strong resistance to Gazprom investment plans: Poland
- Conclusions

## EU25 gas sources

- EU domestic production satisfies about 40% of internal demand
- Main external sources of gas in EU were in 2006: Russia (40% of imports), Norway and Algeria (together another 40%)
- Other CIS producer's share in EU gas imports was negligible

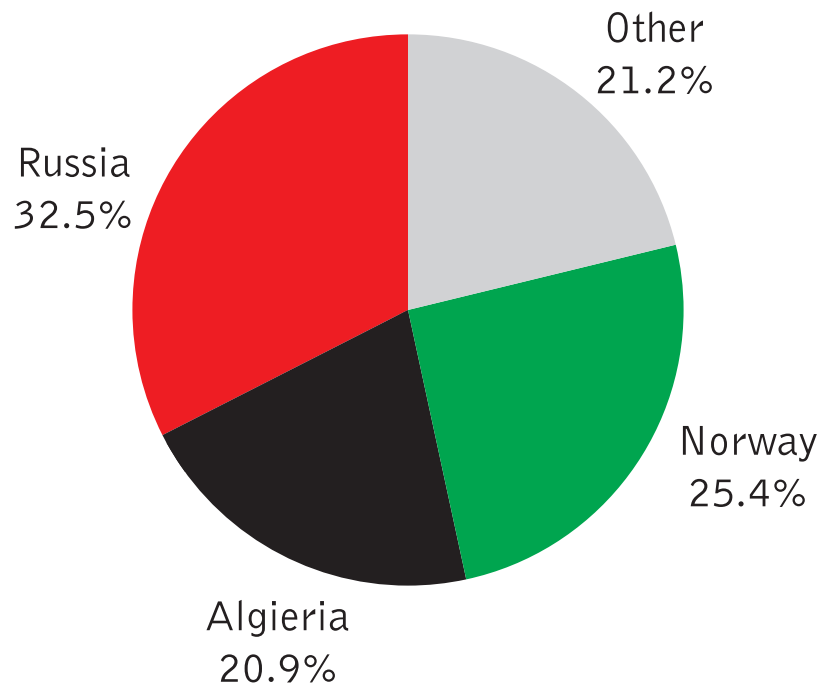


Data: IEA, Natural Gas Information 2007, for 2006

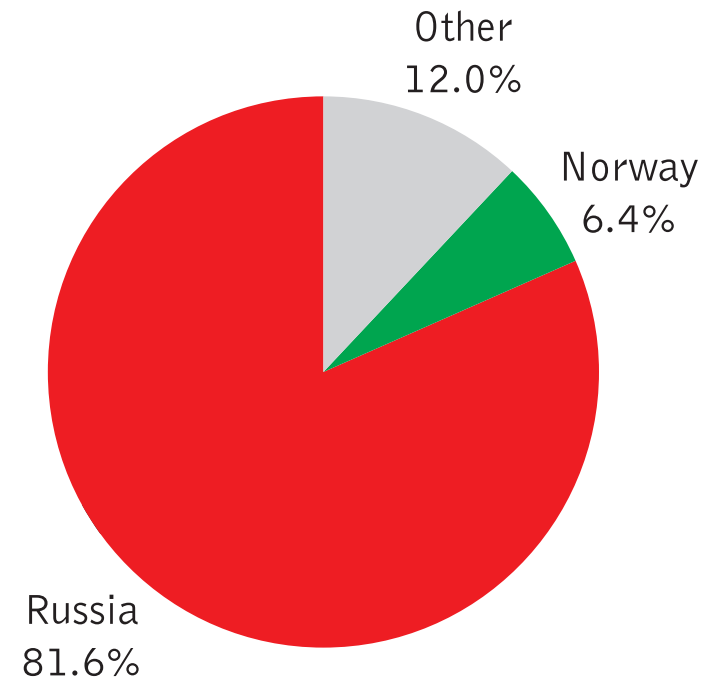
## EU15 vs EU10 gas imports

- EU15 accounts for almost 90% of EU25 gas consumption, EU10 – 10%
- EU25 imports 303,6 bcm: 85% of that goes to EU 15, 15% to EU10

**EU15 external gas import sources**

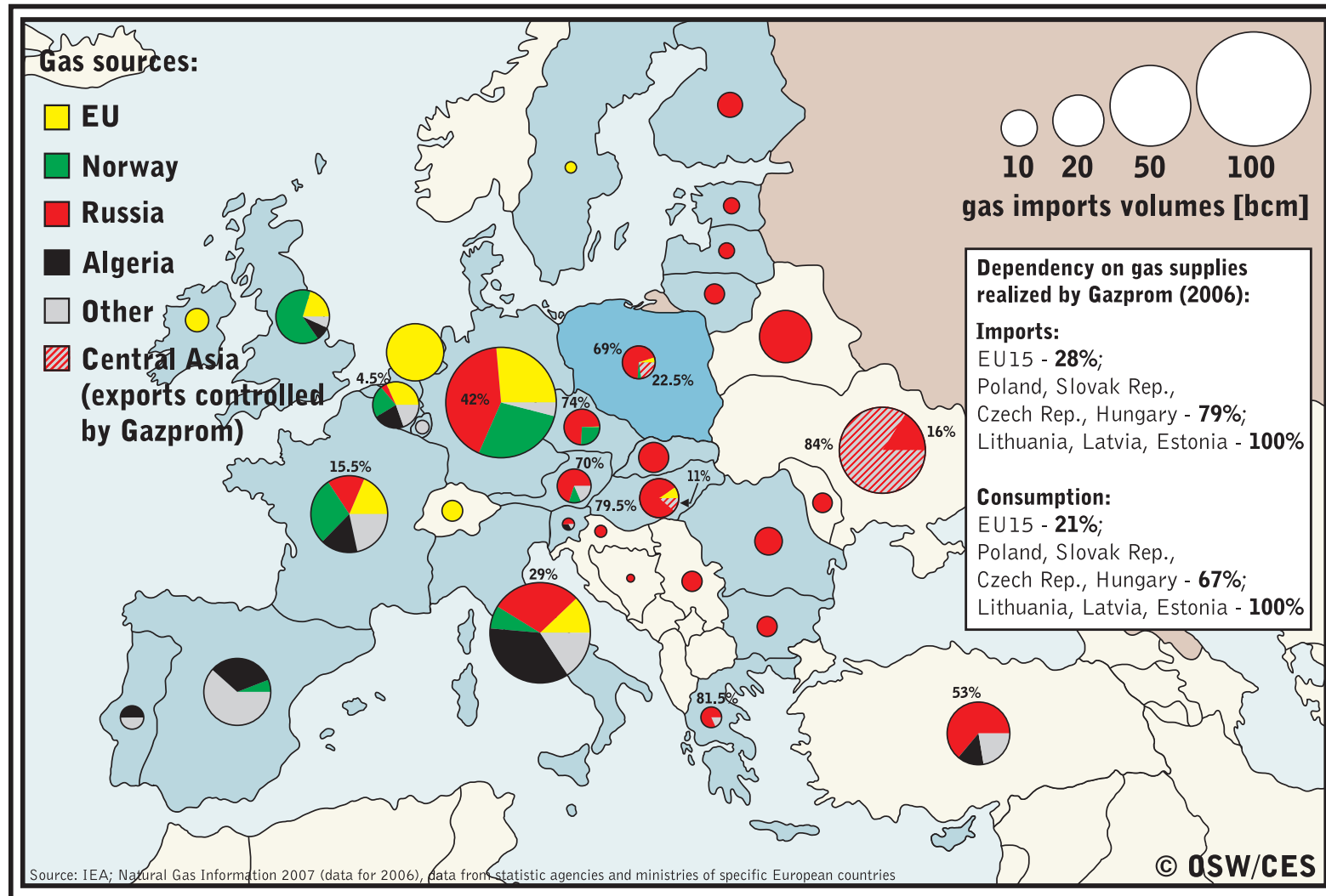


**EU10 external gas import sources**

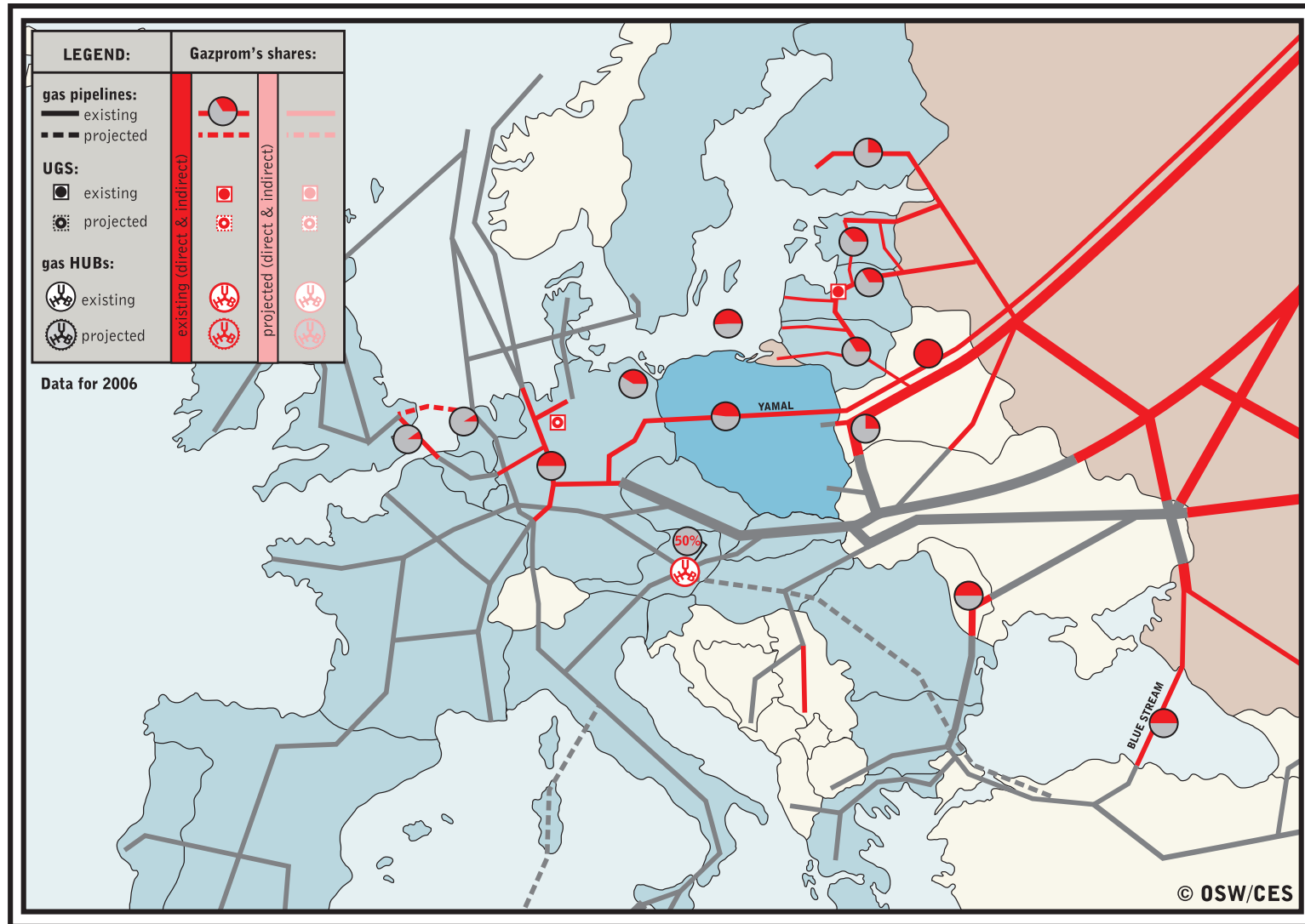


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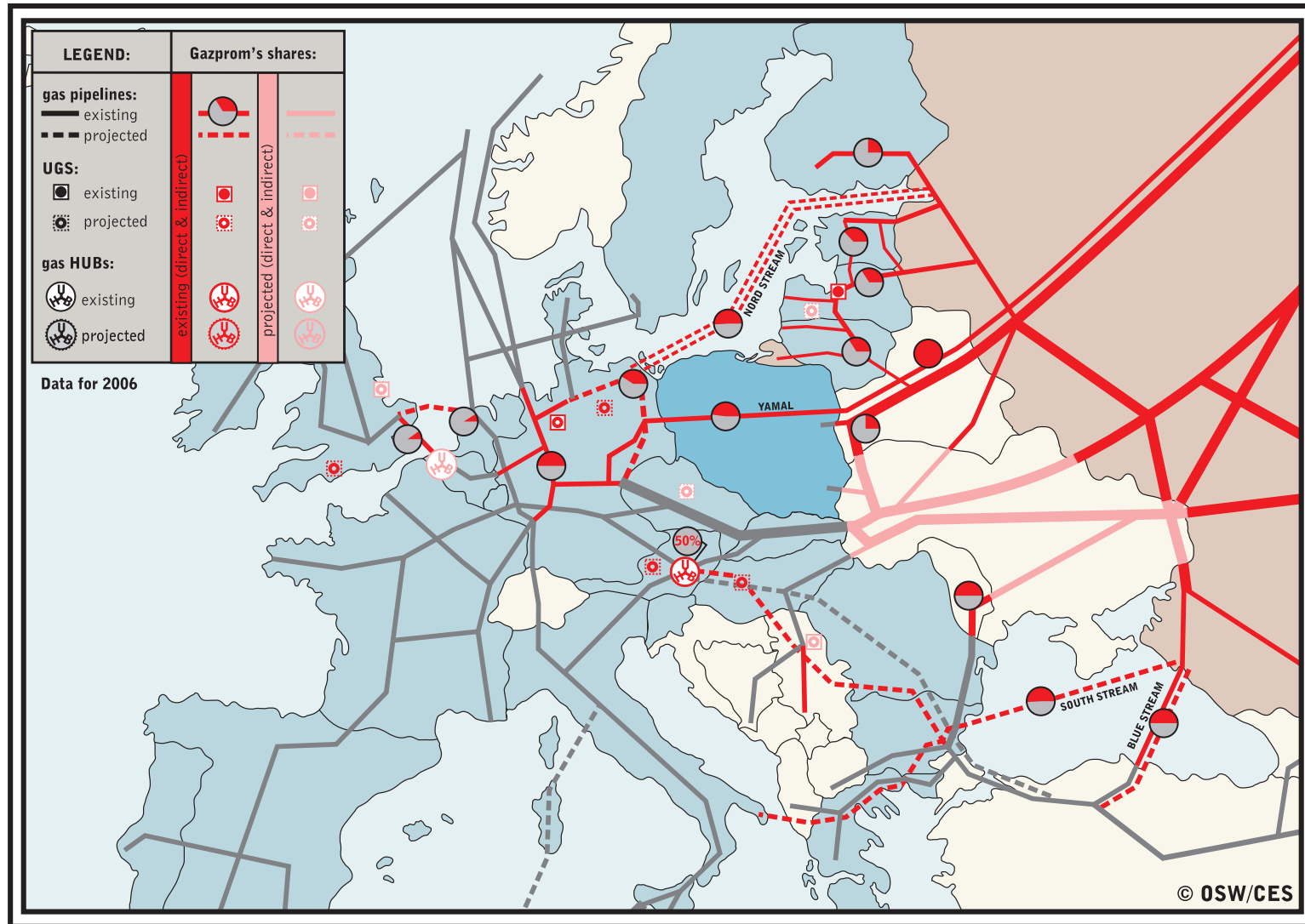
## Gazprom as a supplier



## Gazprom's major investments in gas infrastructure in Europe – existing



## Gazprom's major investments in gas infrastructure in Europe, existing and planned

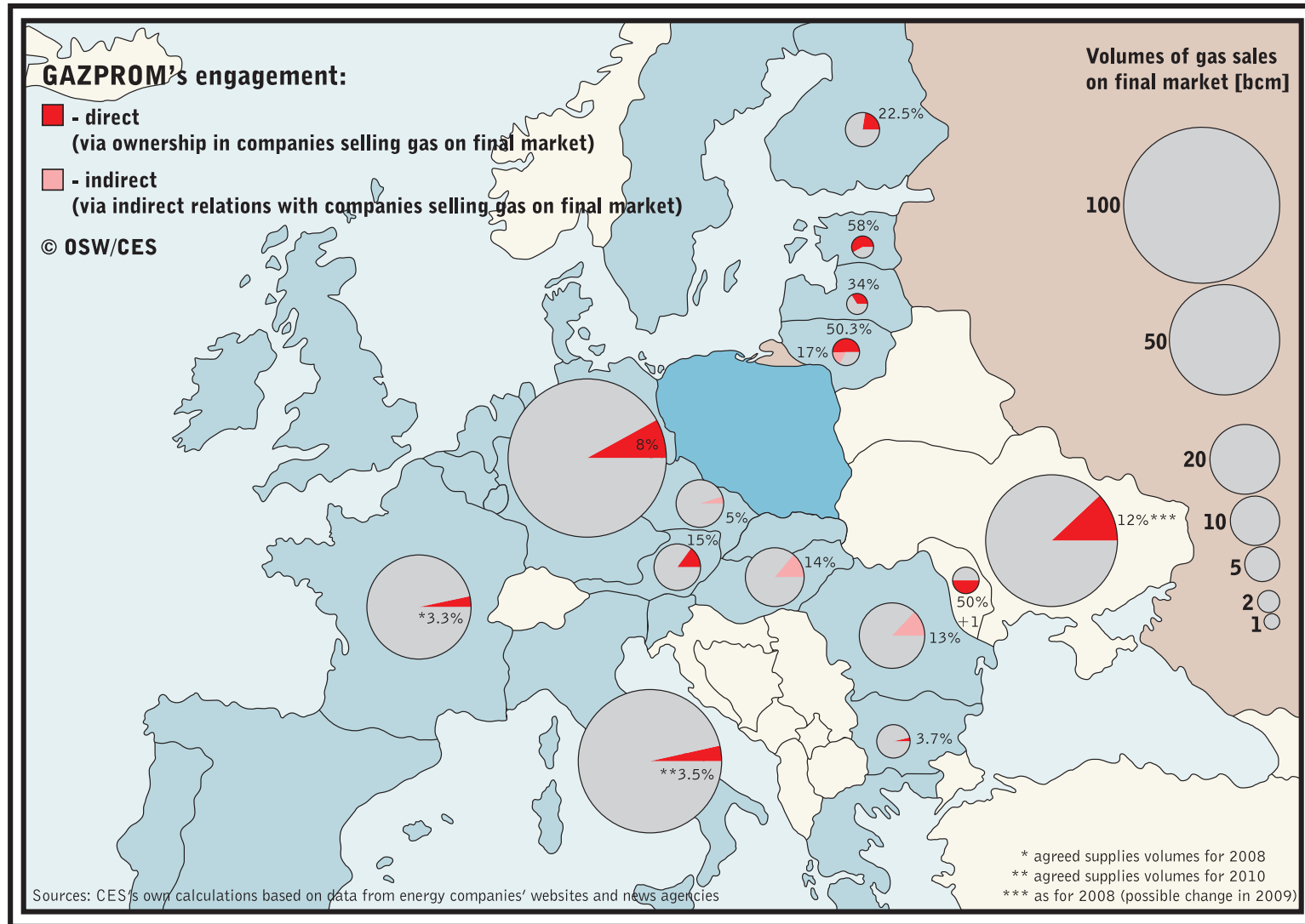


## **Gazprom's investments objectives**

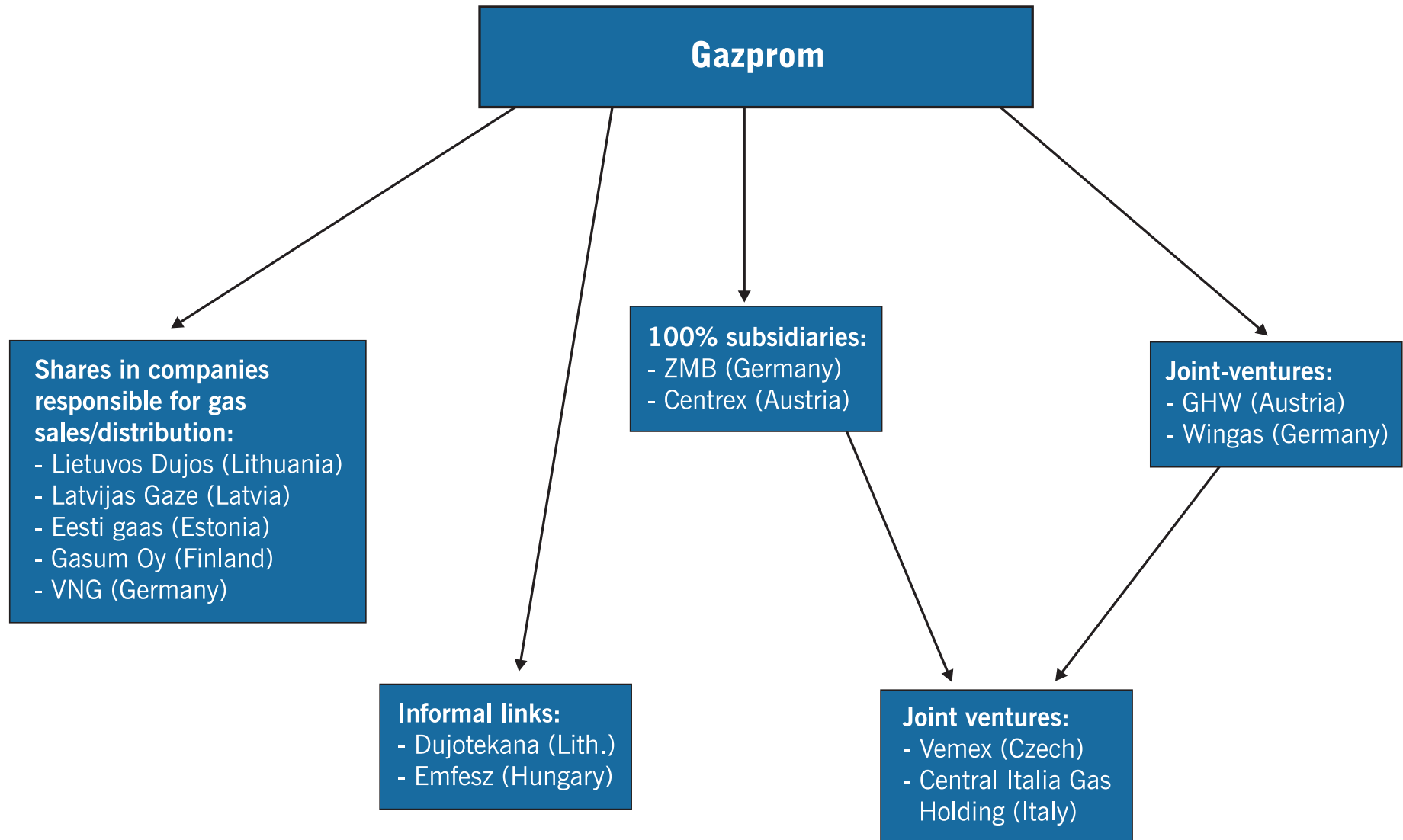
- to diversify the routes for gas exports to the EU
- to decrease dependency on current transit countries in Eastern and Central Europe
- to strengthen control over gas export systems to EU
- to maintain liquidity on the EU market (interconnectors, hubs and storage facilities)
- to impede implementation of competing pipeline projects (Nabucco)
- to counter the possible negative effects of liberalization of EU gas sector



## Gazprom's share in European final gas market



## Modes of Gazprom's presence on EU internal gas market



## Companies affiliated to Gazprom on EU final gas market

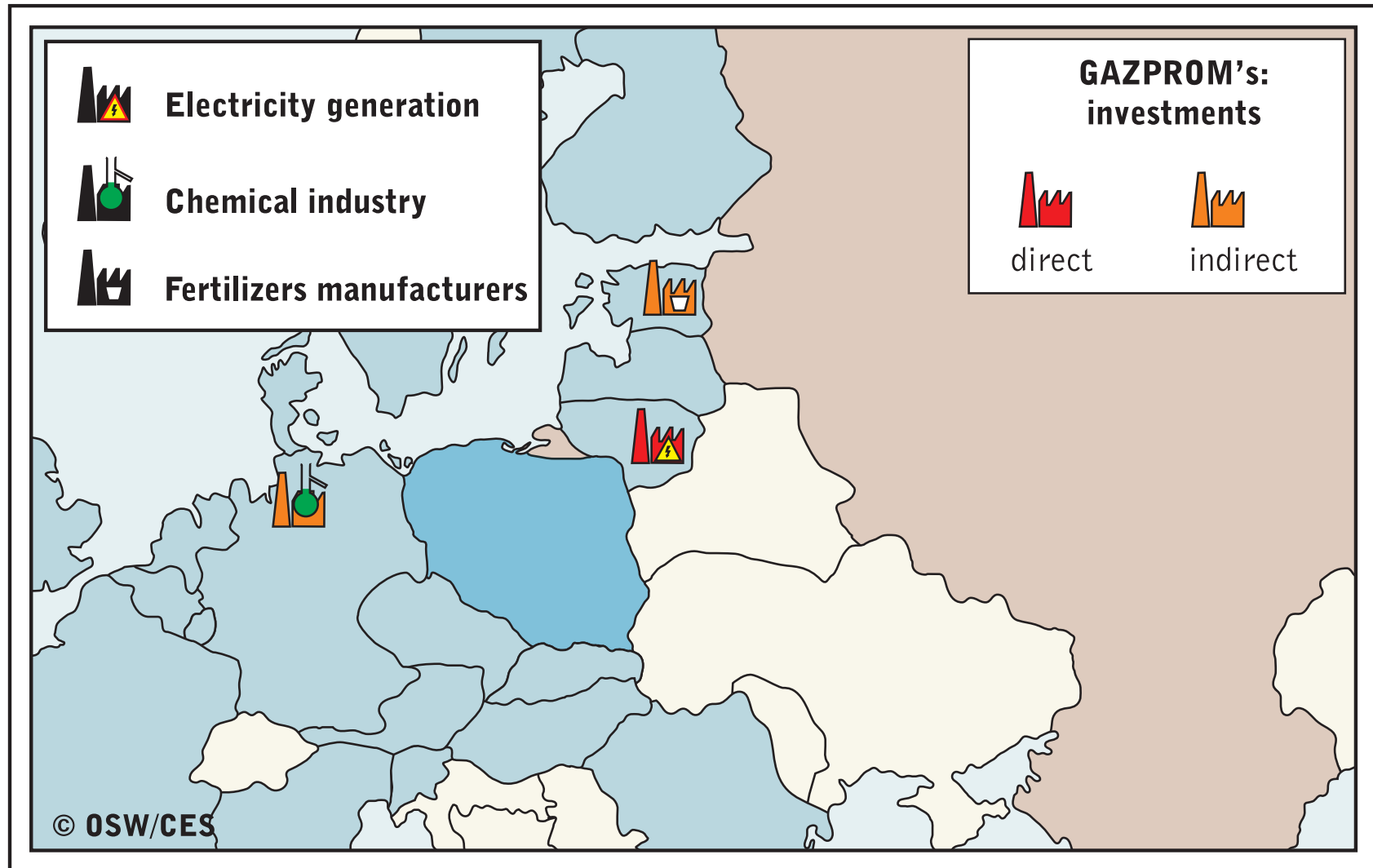
### Vemex

- Ownership structure: ZMB (33%), Centrex Europe Energy&Gas (33%), EW East-West Consult (34%)
- Established in 2001, gas sales in Czech Rep. since 2006, holds a licence for gas sales in Slovakia
- Contract with Gazprom for 0,5 bcm of gas supplies in 2008-2012, projects for buying gas internally produced in Czech Rep.
- Supplies industrial users and municipalities in Czech Rep. (inter alia to Pražská plynárenská – supplier of Prague; Energetika Vitkovice and chemical company SPOLANA being among the largest gas consumers in the Czech Rep.)

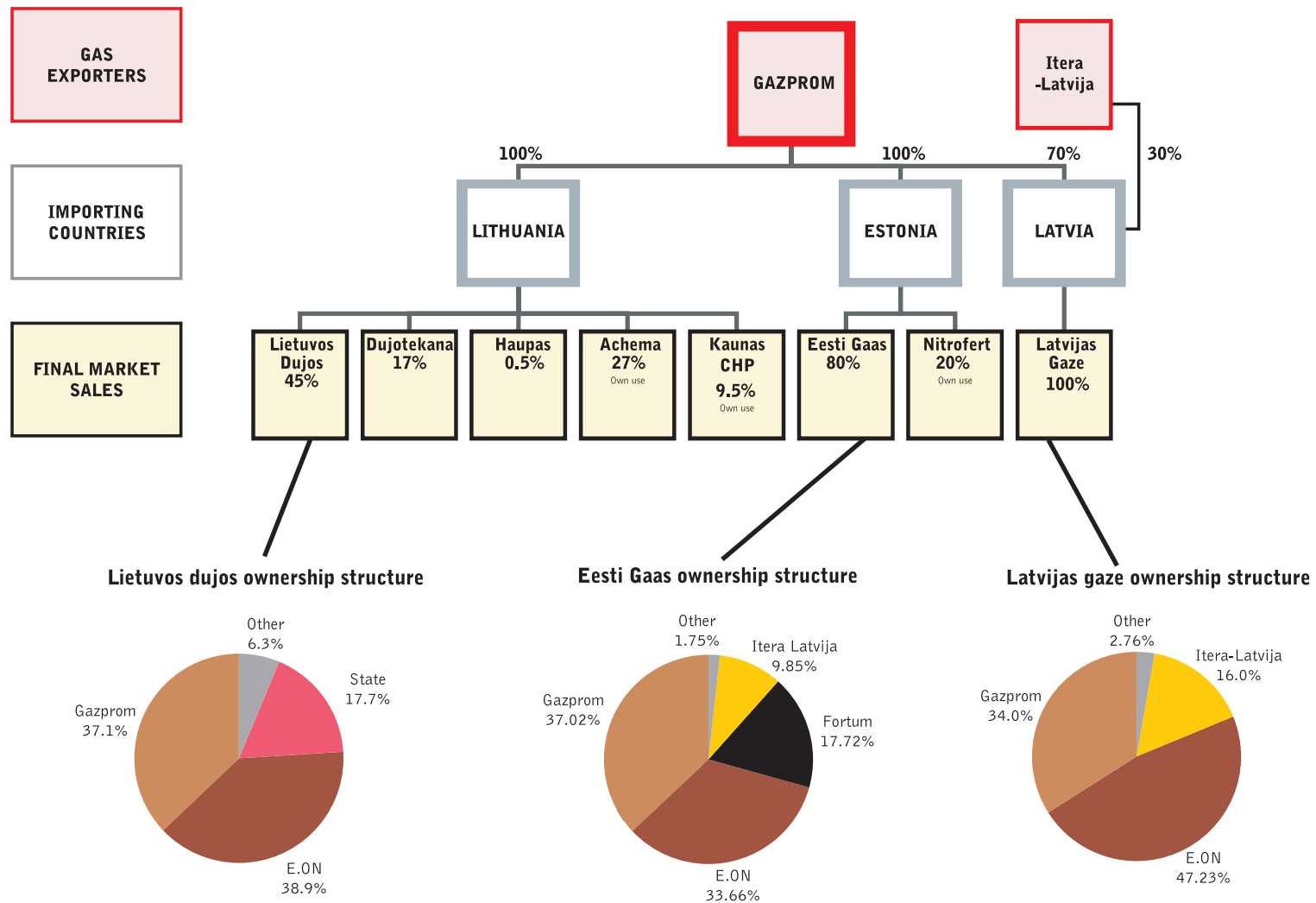
### Emfesz

- Ownership structure: The Firtash Group of Companies (100%, formerly Mabofi Holding), being also inter alia co-owner of RosUkrEnergo
- Operating in Hungary since 2006, gas and electricity market
- 10 years' contract with RosUkrEnergo until 2015, yearly sales of 2-3 bcm
- Supplies industrial users and municipalities in Hungary
- Managing director – Istvan Goczi, also in the board of directors of GdF, formerly working for Sibur and EuralTransGas

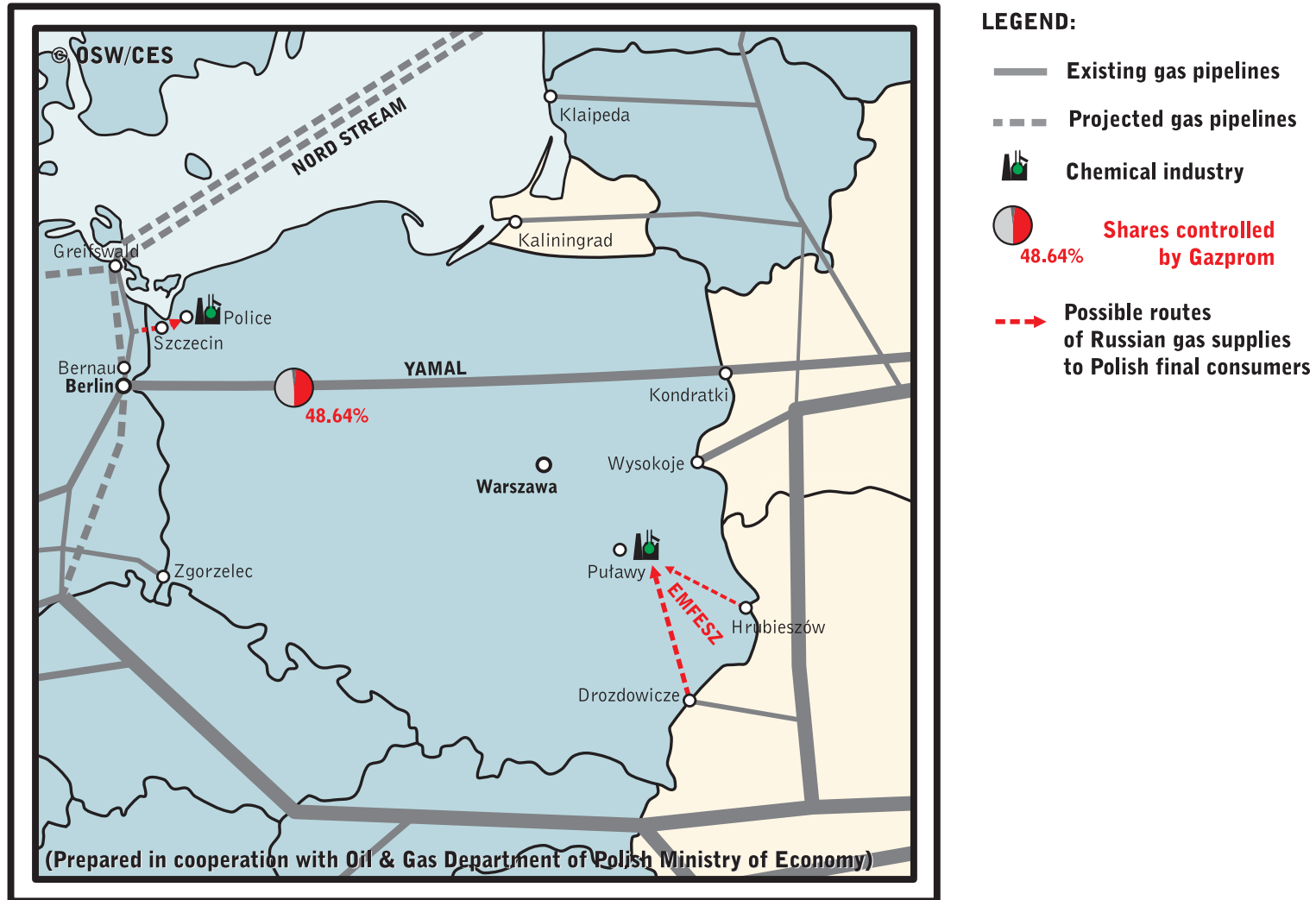
## Gazprom's major investments in electric power engineering and chemical industries in Europe



## Gas sector in the Baltic states – Gazprom's strong engagement



## Poland – firmest resistance to Gazprom's expansion



## Conclusions

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- Gazprom's presence on EU gas final market is currently modest but steadily increasing. Gazprom has been active on this market via its subsidiaries, joint-ventures and companies with no formal relation to the Russian firm.
- So far, regardless of the implementation of the second gas liberalisation directive, none of those EU member states where Gazprom is traditionally the dominant supplier has managed to diversify their supplies significantly.

**Thank you for your attention**

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